

Clinical Supervisors Report when in non-primary care placements

To be completed before the end of each non primary care placement

Please provide **constructive feedback** on the trainee's performance and suggestions for improvement **based on your own observations** as the Clinical Supervisor as well as observations from colleagues during the post.

Your assessment of this Trainee's performance in this role is comparing them to the expected level for a GP trainee at this stage in their training

The Clinical Supervisor is expected to have personally completed at least one of the mandatory Workplace Based Assessments before completion of the CSR.

Date:	
Doctor's Name:	Doctor's GMC number:
Assessor's name:	Assessor's GMC number:
Assessor's position:	Assessor's email:

I confirm that this report is based on my own observations including at least one Mandatory assessment (CbD and/or Mini-CEX) carried out by myself, in addition to using the results of other workplace-based assessments and feedback from my colleagues. Yes \Box

** On the ePortfolio link to Word descriptors/CSR documents on WPBA website**

1. **Professionalism** (includes being respectful, diligent and self-directed in their approach to patients and others and to their own learning needs, developing resilience, making appropriate ethical decisions) *Capabilities: Maintaining Performance Learning and Teaching, Ethics, Fitness to practice*

Areas of strength		

 Areas to develop in these capabilities

 Significantly Below
 Below Expectations □

 Expectations □
 Meeting Expectations □

2. **Communication and Consulting Skills** (includes communication with patients, establishing patient rapport, managing challenging consultations, third-party consulting, the use of interpreters) *Capability: Communication and consultation skills*

Areas of strength

Anne to develop in this prochility.				
Areas to develop in this ca	pability			
Significantly Below	Below Expectations \Box	Meeting Expectations 🗆	Above Expectations \Box	
Expectations				

3. Working with colleagues and in teams (includes working effectively with others, sharing information with colleagues, leadership, management and team-working skills)

Capabilities: Working with colleagues and in teams, Organisation, Management and Leadership

Areas of strength			

Areas to develop in these capabilities				
Significantly Below	Below Expectations 🗆	Meeting Expectations 🗆	Above Expectations 🗆	
Expectations				

4. **Clinical assessment** (includes patient history, Clinical Examination and Procedural Skills (CEPS), choosing investigations, and making an appropriate diagnosis or decision. Please also comment on clinical skills that have been observed)

Capabilities: Data Gathering, CEPS, Making a diagnosis / decisions

Areas of strength		

Areas to develop in these capabilities				
Significantly Below	Below Expectations 🗆	Meeting Expectations \Box	Above Expectations 🗆	
Expectations				

5. **Management of Patients** (includes recognition and appropriate management of medical conditions encountered in the role, prescribing safely, and taking account of co-morbidity, poly-pharmacy. Managing uncertainty & risk)

Capabilities: Clinical management, Medical complexity

Areas of strength	

Areas to develop in these capabilities				
Significantly Below	Below Expectations 🗆	Meeting Expectations 🗆	Above Expectations 🗆	
Expectations				

6. **Clinical record keeping** (includes showing an appropriate use of administration systems, effective and appropriate record-keeping and use of IT for the benefit of patient care) *Capabilities: Organisation, Management and Leadership*

Areas of strength		
Areas to develop in this capability		

Areas to develop in this ca	раршту		
Significantly Below	Below Expectations	Meeting Expectations 🗆	Above Expectations
Expectations 🗆			

7. **Context of care** (includes seeking to understand and support patients through an appreciation of the interplay between their disease and their lives and considering local pathways, formularies and resources)

Capabilities: Holistic care, Community orientation

Areas of strength

Areas to develop in these capabilities				
Significantly Below	Below Expectations 🗆	Meeting Expectations 🗆	Above Expectations 🗆	
Expectations				

In this post, compared to the expected level for a GP trainee at this stage of training, this trainee currently (please tick one of the following):

Tick one line
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*If levels 1 or 2. Please clarify if the issues or concerns relate to professional values or behaviours; or to communication skills, patient safety, clinical competence, organisational or timing issues; to personal issues; or other issues / concerns.

If you have entered any details in this box, please ensure you have contacted their local GP Associate Dean/Training Programme Director and if appropriate, their Educational Supervisor

Does the trainee need to have any particular supervision in their next post? Y/N

(if Y please give specific detail below)



When in a hospital setting trainees are rated in comparison to other trainees at the same stage of training or comparable specialist trainees. (Please note this is different to rating GP trainees when in primary care who are rated compared to the expected standard required at the end of training).

	Trainee performance descriptor Professionalism				
	Includes being respectful, diligent and self-directed in their approach to patients and others and to their own learning needs, developing resilience, making appropriate ethical decisions Capabilities: Maintaining Performance Learning and Teaching (MPLT), Ethics, Fitness to practice (FTP)				
Significantly Below Expectations	Significantly Below Expectations Below Expectations Meets Expectations Above Expectations				
<u>MPLT</u> Is not aware of the limitations of their knowledge or skills and practices outside their ability, level of experience or confidence without seeking necessary support.	Is often inconsistent in their awareness of their own knowledge and skills and/or does not always seek help appropriately.	Demonstrates the same level of knowledge and skills as other trainees at this stage of training.	Demonstrates a level of knowledge above other trainees at this stage of training.		
<u>MPLT</u> Does not identify, address or attend to own learning needs. Does not participate in the education of others.	Struggles to identify and /or consistently address own learning needs in a timely way. Peripherally involved in the education of others.	Keeps up to date with immediate clinical learning needs. Contributes to the education of others.	Shows a commitment to professional development through reflection on performance and identification of personal immediate and long term learning needs. Actively seeks out training experiences and opportunities and regularly uses opportunities to		

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			teach others.
		Changes behaviour in response to	
<u>MPLT</u> Unaware and unresponsive to		the organisation's clinical	Personally participates in quality
the need to respond to local or	Demonstrates a limited	governance activities but may have	improvement activities or audits
national governance changes or new	response to local or national	limited involvement	and suggests appropriate
guidelines	governance or new guidelines		responses
		Understands the need to treat	
Ethics Approach to other people's		everyone with respect for their	
beliefs, dignity, preferences and	May make comments that are	differences, beliefs, dignity	Demonstrates equality, fairness
rights adversely affects patient care	inappropriate or seem to be	preferences, and rights and does	and respect in their day to day
and / or team work.	discriminatory but this does not	not discriminate.	practice. Values and appreciates
	appear to affect the team or		different cultures and personal
	patients.	Demonstrates an understanding of	attributes in patients and
Ethics Fails to show willingness to		ethical principles and reflects on	colleagues.
reflect on own attitudes or	Demonstration of an ethical	own attitudes and behaviours.	
behaviours and does not	dimension to their work is		Gives due consideration and
demonstrate an ethical dimension in	inconsistent. Limited willingness		reflects on and discusses moral
their work.	or demonstration of reflection		dilemmas encountered in the
	on own attitudes and	Aware that personal physical or	course of their work.
	behaviours.	mental illness, or habits may	
FTP Does not appropriately balance		interfere with the competent	
personal and professional demands	Needs support to manage the	delivery of patient care even when	Addresses personal health issues or
resulting e.g. in failure to achieve	balance between personal,	under pressure. Manages to attend	habits that impact on their
deadlines, or observe contractual	physical or mental illness	meetings and deadlines	performance as a doctor even
obligations. This may include	demands and patient or team	consistently.	when under significant pressure.
unplanned absences from	work especially when under		
professional commitments.	pressure. Attendance at		
	meetings and achievement of		

<u>FTP</u> Involved in more than one complaint and either fails to respond appropriately or to learn from the experience. Is resistant to feedback that is perceived as critical.	deadlines is largely achieved. Provides a limited response to complaints though able to improve this with help.	Responds to complaints or performance issue appropriately.	Reflects and learns from complaints to improve patient care.
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Trainee performance descriptor Communication and consulting skills				
Includes communication with patients, establishing patient rapport, managing challenging consultations, third-party consulting, the use of interpreters Capability: Communication and consultation skills				
Significantly Below Expectations Below Expectations Meets Expectations Above Expectations				
Does not establish rapport with patients.	Rapport is only intermittently established.	Rapport is established with almost all patients.	Achieves excellent rapport with patients.	
	Consultations take longer than	Consults in an organised and	Responds to the preferences of	

Consultations are disorganised/long & lack structure.	peers and may lack focus.	structured way.	the patient achieving an effective consultation.
Explanations are confusing or unclear and / or medically inaccurate.	Explanations are inappropriately doctor-centred but generally medically correct.	Provides explanations that are medically correct but may be doctor-centred.	Offers patient centred explanations.
Consultations may be chaotic or very formulaic	Consultations are commonly rigid or formulaic.	Consultations are sometimes rigid or formulaic.	Language and consultation are fluent, adapted to the needs and characteristics of the patient.
Does not treat patients with adequate attention, sensitivity or respect for their contribution.	Treats patients with some sensitivity and respect but the trainee regularly does not sufficiently facilitate or respond to the patients' contribution.	Shows sensitivity and tries to involve the patient.	Shows sensitivity, actively shares ideas and may empower the patient.

Trainee performance descriptor Working with colleagues and in teams				
Includes working effectively with others, sharing information with colleagues, leadership, management and team-working skills Capabilities: Working with colleagues and in team, Organisation Management and Leadership (OML)				
Significantly Below Expectations Below Expectations Meets Expectations Above Expectations				

Working with colleagues Routinely	May sometimes work on own	Works effectively in a team rather	Is an effective team member,
works in isolation giving little	without appropriate	than in isolation.	working flexibly with the various
support to team members.	involvement of the team.		teams and supporting others.
Working with Colleagues	Respects other team members	Respects and understands other	Enables collaborative working.
Doesn't appreciate the value of	and their contribution but has	team members, their roles and	
the team. Inappropriately leaves	yet to grasp the advantages of	contributions.	
their work for others to pick up	harnessing the potential within		
	the team. Completes work		
	identified as their own		
	adequately.		
Working with Colleagues	. ,		Communicates proactively with the
Communication with others in the	May fail to communicate	Responds to communications from	team members so that patient care
team is incomplete or late (or	, constructively or in a timely	other team members in a timely and	is enhanced.
haphazard) impacting on patients	fashion with others in the team	constructive manner.	
and colleagues.	though generally this does not		
	affect patient care.		
OML Lack of Organisation of self			Is consistently well organised with
and others, time-management and	Organisation of self and others,	Organisation of self and others,	due consideration for colleagues as
hand over skills has clear negative	time-management and hand	time-management and hand over	well as patients. Demonstrates
effects and / or create problems	over skills may be limited and	skills are sufficient that patients and	effective:
for colleagues or patients. e.g.	impact on colleagues and	colleagues are not unreasonably	 Time-management
regularly or consistently being late		inconvenienced or come to any	Hand-over skills
for shifts, not advising of lateness	patients.		
or sickness, failing to complete		harm.	Prioritisation
tasks required or failing to respond to emails.			 Delegation.

Trainee performance descriptor Clinical assessment			
Includes patient history, Clinical Examination and Procedural Skills (CEPS), choosing investigations, and making an appropriate diagnosis or decision. Please also comment on clinical skills that have been observed Capabilities: Data Gathering (DG), CEPS, Making a diagnosis / decisions (Diagnosis)			
Significantly Below Expectations	Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Above Expectations
<u>DG</u> Has an approach to information gathering which is disorganised, chaotic, inflexible or inefficient.	Accumulates a mixture of relevant and irrelevant information from the patient.	Accumulates information from the patient that is mainly relevant to their problem.	Systematically gathers information, using questions appropriately targeted to the problem.
<u>DG/CEPS</u> Examination and/ or investigation is not planned with a clear relevance to the history or situation.	Examines and/ or investigates patient but with inconsistent relevance to the patient's problem.	Chooses examinations and investigations broadly appropriate for the patient's problem.	Chooses examinations and investigations targeted to the patient's problem.
<u>CEPS</u> Fails to identify or examine for significant physical or psychological signs and examination technique is technically incompetent.	Misses some abnormal signs or fails to recognise the significance of signs they identify. Examination technique is some of the time technically proficient.	Identifies common abnormal signs and recognises their significance. Examination technique may not be fluent but is technically proficient.	Has a flexible & organised approach to examination and interprets physical signs accurately.
<u>CEPS</u> Fails to obtain informed consent for examinations or procedures. <u>Diagnosis</u> Struggles to provide an	May fail to explain the need or process of the examination.	Performs procedures /examinations with the patient's consent.	Fluently incorporates consent for examination, assessment of mental capacity and other medico-legal issues into consultations.
appropriate differential diagnosis. Fails to consider serious possibilities and fails to	Generates a limited differential diagnosis or one that is poorly focused	Generates and tests out an adequate differential diagnosis.	Generates a differential diagnosis clearly and flexibly, integrating

review in the light of new information	around the problem (but covers serious		available information.	
	possibilities).			l
Diagnosis is indecisive, illogical, incorrect	At times may not ask for help when	Asks for help appropriately but may	Owns their own decisions whilst	l
or inappropriately independent in	should or asks too often. May struggle	not progress to making independent	being aware of their limitations	l
decision making	to work independently	decisions.		l

Trainee performance descriptor Management of Patients				
Includes recognition and appropriate management of medical conditions encountered in the role, prescribing safely, and taking account of co- morbidity, poly-pharmacy. Managing uncertainty & risk Capabilities: Clinical management, (Clinical Mx), Medical complexity				
Significantly Below Expectations Below Expectations Meets Expectations Above Expectations				
<u>Clinical Mx</u> Struggles to think of management options.	Uses appropriate but limited management options.	Uses appropriate management options but may not include all options.	Varies a good range of management options responsively.	
<u>Clinical Mx</u> Prescribing decisions are commonly not safe; or not based on guidelines. Side effects and interactions are commonly neglected	Makes suggestions for prescribing but without considering interactions or side effects. May make some prescribing errors.	Makes safe prescribing decisions, routinely checking on drug interactions and side effects.	Prescribes safely including applying local and national guidelines and uses drug and non-drug therapies appropriately.	
<u>Clinical Mx</u> Ignores or are unaware of appropriate referral pathways.	Referral pathways are followed inconsistently.	Refers safely, acting within the limits of their competence.	Refers safely and appropriately considering all available resources.	

<u>Clinical Mx</u> Fails to identify or respond			Responds rapidly and skilfully to
to emergencies safely or may fail to	Tentatively or hesitantly	Recognises medical emergencies	emergencies with appropriate
work collaboratively in this setting	identifies or responds to medical	and responds to them safely but	follow up. Ensures care is
	emergencies and may struggle	may struggle to coordinate with	coordinated with other services.
	to engage the rest of the team.	other services.	
<u>Clinical Mx</u> Does not safety net			Excellent use of safety netting
appropriately	Uses safety netting	Safety nets appropriately.	
	intermittently.		
<u>Medical Complexity</u> Unable to			Simultaneously manages the
contribute in complex or uncertain		Manages acute and chronic health	patient's health problems, both
situations. Finds it difficult to suggest	Manages problems in isolation	problems with some consideration	acute and chronic.
a way forward in unfamiliar	and does not take into account	of the implications of co-morbidity.	
circumstances.	the impact or effect of other		
<u>Medical Complexity</u> Does not consider	conditions.		Integrates patient's lifestyle into
the impact of the patient's lifestyle on		Considers the impact of patient's	suggested approaches.
their health or the problem.	Limited consideration on the	lifestyle on their health.	
	impact of patient's lifestyle on		
Medical Complexity Does not	their health or the problem.		
prioritise management options based			Communicates risk effectively to
on patient risk, and or inappropriately		Makes adequate attempts to	patients and involves them
burdens the patient with uncertainty.	Management options are	prioritise management options	appropriately in its management.
	restricted due to poor	based on their assessment of	
	prioritisation of patient risk.	patient risk.	

Trainee performance descriptor Clinical record-keeping Includes showing an appropriate use of administration systems, effective and appropriate record-keeping and use of IT for the benefit of patient care Capability: Organisation Management and Leadership (OML)					
<u>OML</u> Records may miss important information for safe patient care or be long and/or poorly organised making retrieval of key information hard. Recording may contain inaccuracies or is not contemporaneous.	Records do not consistently meet the normal standards for the organisation.	Routinely records each patient contact, in a timely manner following the record-keeping standards of their organisation.	Produces records that are timely, succinct, comprehensive, appropriately coded and in line with good practice.		
Trainee performance descriptor Context of care					
includes seeking to understan	considering local pathwa	appreciation of the interplay between sys, formularies and resources. HC), Community orientation (CO)	their disease and their lives and		
Significantly Below Expectations	Below Expectations	Meets Expectations	Above Expectations		

<u>HC</u> Does not adequately recognise the impact of the problem on the patient nor enquire into the physical, psychological and social aspects of the patient's problem.	Recognises the impact of the problem on the patient and enquires into physical, psychological and social aspects of the patient's problem.	Recognises the impact of the problem on the patient, their family and/or carers and demonstrates understanding of the patient in relation to their socio-economic and cultural background. The doctor uses this understanding to inform discussion and to generate practical suggestions for the management of the patient.	Recognises and shows understanding of the limits of the doctor's ability to intervene in the holistic care of the patient and accesses information about the patient's psycho-social history in a fluent and non-judgemental manner that puts the patient at ease.
<u>CO</u> Limited understanding of the importance of the local population and available services locally.	Understands the important characteristics of the local population, with some understanding of the services available locally.	Understands how the characteristics of the local population shapes the provision of care in the setting in which the doctor is working.	Takes an active part in helping to develop services in their workplace or locality that are relevant to the local population.